HILLINGDON CREDIT UNION LTD T/A LONDON COMMUNITY BANK FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

FCA registration number 213406

YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

Contents	Page
Administrative Information	3
Directors' Report	4
Independent Auditor's Report	5 - 6
Revenue Account	7
Balance Sheet	8
Statement of Changes in Retained Earnings	9
Cash flow statement	10
Notes to the financial statements	11 - 20

YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

Administrative information

Status London Community Bank was incorporated under the co-operative

and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and the Credit Union,

Act 1979 on the 17th January 1991

Directors David Payling

Moji Macaulay Kathryn Willis Mark Austin Sheetal Balani Tracey Iles

David Dawson Resigned July 2024

President David Payling

Treasurer Moji Macaulay

Bankers Registered Office The Co-operative Bank Lloyds Bank PLC

PO Box 250 25 Gresham Street

Skelmersdale London WN8 6WT EC2V 7HN

Credit Union Registered Office Committee Room 1

Civic Centre Uxbridge UB8 1UW

Auditors PWH Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

The Counting House

High St Lutterworth LE17 4AY

YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

Directors' Report

The Directors' present their annual report on the affairs of the Credit Union, together with the accounts and Auditors' report for the year.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Credit Union are those of a Credit Union, accepting deposits from and lending sums to its members, with the objects of promoting thrift amongst its members and providing credit for their benefit at a fair and reasonable rate of interest.

Results of Operations and Dividends

The results for the year are as shown in the attached accounts, as are movements in the Credit Union's fixed assets.

Directors

The Directors who served during the year were:

David Payling (President)
Moji Macaulay (Treasurer)
Kathryn Willis
Mark Austin
Sheetal Balani
Tracey Iles
David Dawson (resigned July 2024)

Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inapproprites to presume that the credit union will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the society and to enable them to ensure that financial statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the credit union and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

The auditors, PWH Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors, have indicated their willingness to accept appointment under the provisions of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and the Credit Unions Act 1979.

Signed on behalf of the Directors

David E Payling

David Payling (President) 17 April 2024

YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Hillingdon Credit Union Limited t/a London Community Bank

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Hillingdon Credit Union Limited (the "credit union") for the year ended 30th September 2024, which comprise the Revenue Account, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Retained Earnings, Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

give a true and fair view of the state of the Credit Union's affairs as at 30th September and of its income and expenditure for the period then ended; and have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefits Societies Act 2014 and the Credit Unions Act 1979.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the society in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAS (UK) require us to report to you where:

the Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or

the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast doubt about the society's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Directors' Report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly, stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determin whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Cont.

YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Hillingdon Credit Union Limited t/a London Community Bank

(continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

a satisfactory system of internal control over transactions has not been maintained; or the society has not kept proper accounting records; or the financial statements are not in agreement with the books of account; or we have not received all the information and explanations we need for our audit.

Responsibilities of the Directors'

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement on page 4 the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the society's ability to continue as a gong concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the society or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsbilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurnace about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occuring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Finance Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

PWH Accountancy Ltd

Date; 22nd April 2024

PWH Accoutancy Limited, Statutory Auditors

The Counting House High Street Lutterworth Leicestershire LE17 4AY

REVENUE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

		2024 £	2023 £
	Note		
Loan interest receivable and similar income	4	710,275	588,756
Interest Payable	5	-156,968	-80,266
Net Interest income		553,307	508,490
Fees and commissions receivable	6	16,130	30,823
Fees and commission payable		-6,674	-5,594
Net fees, Interest and commissions receivable		562,763	533,719
Other income	6a	986	8,259
Administrative Expenses	7a	-232,629	-182,596
Depreciation and amortisation	10	0	0
Other operative Expenses	7b	-21,553	-20,150
Impairment losses on loans to members	11c	-49,054	17,285
Surplus before taxation		260,513	356,517
Taxation	9a	-62,683	-42,658
Surplus for the financial year		197,830	313,859
Total comprehensive income		197,830	313,859

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

		2024 £	2023 £
ASSETS	Note		
Cash, cash equivalents and Liquid deposits Deposits held at UK Financial Institutions		1,078,104 4,751,128 5,829,232	1,045,484 4,997,736 6,043,220
Loans and advances to members	11a	2,652,454	2,734,459
Tangible fixed assets Other receivables Propositional agents of ag	10	0 252,986 0	0 138,809 0
Prepayments and accrued income Total Assets		8,734,672	8,916,488
LIABILITIES			
Share capital		5,824,736	6,306,958
Junior Savers Brent Loan		237,495 546,954	240,159 461,265
Other payables	12	77,679 6,686,864	50,889 7,059,271
Retained earnings Total Liabilities	15	2,047,807 8,734,672	1,857,217 8,916,488

The financial statements were approved, and authorised for issue, by the Board on and signed on its behalf by:

David E Payling

David Payling (President) 17 April 2024

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS

YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

		2024 £	2023 £
	Note		
As at 1 October bf		1,849,978	1,536,119
Total comprehensive income for the year		197,830	313,859
As at 30 September cf	15	2,047,807	1,849,978

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

	2024 £	2023 £
	æ	s.
Cash flows from operating activities		
Surplus before taxation	260,513	356,517
Adjustments for non-cash items:		
Depreciation	-	17.007
Impairment losses	49,054	- 17,285
	309,567	339,232
Movements in:	444455	07.260
Other receivables	- 114,177	- 85,369
Other payables	26,790	37,601
	222,180	291,464
Cash flow from changes in operating assets and l	iabilities	
Movement in other liabilities	85,689	275,377
Cash flow from subscribed capital	3,823,081	4,595,093
Cash flow from repaid capital	- 4,307,986	- 5,361,372
New loans to members	- 2,140,666	- 2,384,071
Repayment of loans by members	2,146,354	2,304,426
	- 393,528	- 570,547
Taxation paid	- 42,658	- 11,941
Net cash flow from operating activities	- 436,186	- 582,488
Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	-	-
Investments in liquid deposits	246,608	23,886
Net cash flow from investing activities	246,608	23,886
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	32,602	- 267,138
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,045,484	1,312,622
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	1,078,086	1,045,484

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

1. Legal and regulatory framework

The Credit Union is a society established under the Industrial and Provident Societies Act 1965, superseded by the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, whose principal activity is to operate as a credit union, within the Credit Union Act 1979. The Credit Union has registered with the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) and is regulated by the Prudential Regulation Authority under the provisions of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000.

In accordance with the regulatory environment for credit unions, deposits from members can be made by subscription for redeemable shares, deferred shares and interest-bearing shares. At present the Credit Union has only issued redeemable shares.

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.*

The Financial Statements are prepared on the historical costs basis.

Going concern

The Financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

Income

Loan interest receivable and similar income: Interest on loans to members is recognised using the effective interest method, as it is calculated and accrued on a daily basis.

Fees and commissions receivable: Income relating to individual transactions is recognised when the transaction is completed.

Other income: Other income is recognised when the transaction is completed.

Taxation

The tax charge for the year reflects current tax payable. Current tax is the expected corporation tax payable for the year, using tax rates in force for the year. The Credit Union is not liable to corporation tax payable on its activities of making loans to members. Corporation tax is payable on investment income.

As a result of the limited activities of the Credit Union from which profits are chargeable to corporation tax, it is unlikely that deferred tax will arise.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets comprises items of property, plant and equipment, which are stated at less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment mosses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment, less its estimated residual value, on a straight line basis over its estimated useful life. The categories of property, plant and equipment are depreciated as follows:

Building Work 33.30% Office equipment 20.00% Information Systems 33.30%

Cash and cash equivalent

Cash, cash equivalents and liquid deposit comprise cash in hand and investments with a maturity of less than or equal to 8 days.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

Financial assets - loans and advances to members

Loans to members are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments, and are not quoted in an active market. Loans are recognised when cash is advanced to members and measured are amortised costs using the effective interest method.

Loans are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, usually when all amounts outstanding have been repaid by members. The Credit Union does not transfer loans to third parties.

Impairment of financial assets

The Credit Union assesses, on a monthly basis, if the objective evidence that any of its loans to members are impaired. The loans are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics, because no loans are individually significant. If during the course of the year the objective evidence that any individual loan is impaired, a specific loss will be recognised.

Any impairment losses are recognised in the revenue account, as the difference between the carrying value of the loan and the net present value of the expected cash flows.

Financial Liabilities - subscribed capital

Members' shareholding in the Credit Union are redeemable and therefore are classified as financial liabilities, and described as subscribed capital. They are initially recognised at the amount of cash deposited.

Employee benefits

A pension is currently offered to Hillingdon Credit Union employees. The starting date for the Credit Union was August 2017 when a defined contribution plan was offered to all employees via NEST.

Other employee benefits: Other short and long term employee benefit, including holiday pay, are recognised as an expense over the period they are earned.

Reserves

Reserves are the retained earnings, the accumulated surpluses to date that have not been declared as dividends returnable to members.

3. Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain accounting estimates. The areas requiring a higher degree of judgement, or complexity and are most significant to the financial statements, are disclosed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

	Note	2024 £	2023
4. Loan interest receivable and similar income		£	£
Loan interest receivable from members		459,542	414,351
Bank interest receivable on cash and liquid deposits		250,733	174,405
Total loan interest receivable and similar income		710,275	588,756
5. Interest expense			
Interest expense is the dividend paid to members for by the directors after the year end and is confirmed a represent a liability at the balance sheet date.			
Interest paid during the year		156,968	80,266
Interest proposed, but not recognised		1.20%	2.40%
Dividend rate:		2.40%	1.20%
6. Fees and commissions receivable			
Loan Lenders fees - Brent		14,310	24,620
Service Charge		1,820	6,203
Total fees and commissions receivable		16,130	30,823
6a. Other Income			
Other income		986	8,259
		986	8,259
7a. Administrative expenses			
Employment costs	8a	177,921	139,544
Staff training		794	578
Directors' expenses		-	-
Auditor's remuneration	7c	3,350	3,300
Telephone		3,028	2,994
Computer maintenance		35,930	30,781
Legal and professional		6,239	-
General expenses		2,016	2,703

3,351

232,629

2,696

182,596

Printing, postage and stationery

Total administrative expenses

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

	2024	2023
7b. Other operating expenses	£	£
Regulatory and financial management costs		
Association of British Credit Union Limited dues	7,034	6,484
Fidelity Bond insurance	5,110	5,173
Loan protection insurance	8,559	7,719
PRA, FCA & FSCS fees	850	774
	21,553	20,150
7c. Auditors' remuneration		
Fees payable for audit	3,350	3,300
Total Auditor's remuneration	3,350	3,300
8a. Employees and employment costs		
Wages and salaries	162,381	128,256
Social security	13,620	9,777
Pension costs	1,920	1,511
	177,921	139,544
8b. Number of employees		
Average monthly number of employees during the year: Office Staff	Number 6	Number 6
	-	

No member of the Key management personnel earned over £60,000 in the year. Staff and their close family had a total share holding of £41,516 (2023: £113,086) and loans of £nil (2023: £6,345)

8c. Directors' Remuneration

No remuneration is paid to the Directors. At the year end, Directors held total shares of £4,865 (2023: £3,165) and total loans of £nil (2023: £nil).

All members of the committees are Credit Union members. They receive no remuneration for services and participate in the activities of Credit Union on the same terms as other members. They did not receive any reimbursement of expenses in the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

9. Taxation

a) Recognised in the Revenue Account

The taxation charge for the year, based on the small profits rate of Corporation Tax 25% (2023: 19%)

	2024	2023
Current tax	£	£
UK Corporation Tax	62,683	42,658
Total tax recognised in the Revenue Account	62,683	42,658

b) The Credit Union is not liable to corporation tax payable on its activities of making loans to members. However, corporation tax is payable on investment income.

10. Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets comprise the following property, plant and equipment:

	Office	Office
	Equipment &	Equipment &
	computers	computers
	2024	2023
Cost	£	£
At 1st October bf	10,440	10,440
Additions	-	-
Disposal	-	-
At 30th September cf	10,440	10,440
Depreciation		
At 1st October bf	10,440	10,440
Charge for the year	-	-
Disposal	<u></u>	<u> </u>
At 30th September cf	10,440	10,440
Net book value		
At 30th September bf	<u> </u>	
At 30th September cf	<u></u>	

11a. Credit Risk Disclosures

The Credit Union does not offer mortgages and as result all loans to members are unsecured, except that there are restrictions on the extent to which borrowers may withdraw their savings whilst loans are outstanding.

The carrying amount of loans to members represent the Credit Union's maximum exposure to credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

	Note	2024 £	2023 €
Not impaired		~	∞
Not in arrears Sub-total: loans not impaired		2,652,454 2,652,454	2,734,459 2,734,459
Individually impaired:			
Up to 3 months past due Between 3 and 6 months past due Between 6 and 12 months past due Over 1 year past due Total loans Impairment allowance Total carrying over		129,084 31,316 39,124 73,349 2,925,327 - 272,873 2,652,454	87,714 31,251 11,974 136,458 3,001,857 - 267,398 2,734,459
11b. Provision for impairment losses			
As at 1st October 2023 Allowance for losses made during the year Allowances reversed during the year Increase/(decrease) in allowances during the year As at 30th September 2024	11c	267,398 53,526 - 48,051 5,475 272,873	328,973 - 10,504 - 51,071 - 61,575 267,398
11c. Impairment losses recognised for the year			
Impairment of individual financial assets (Decrease)/increase in impairment allowances during th Reversal of impairment where debts recovered Total impairment losses recognised for the year	e year	48,051 5,475 53,526 - 4,472 49,054	51,071 - 61,575 - 10,504 - 6,781 - 17,285
12. Other payables			
UK Corporation Tax Other payables Accruals and deferred income		62,683 - 14,996 77,679	42,658 - 8,231 50,889

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

13. Additional financial instruments disclosures

13a. Financial risk management

The Credit Union manages its subscribed capital and loans to members so that it earns income from the margin between interest receivable and interest payable.

The main financial risk arising from Credit Union's activities are credit risk, liquidity and interest risk. The board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of the risks, which are summarised below:

Credit risk: Credit risk is the risk that a borrower will default on their contractual obligations relating to the payments to the Credit Union, resulting in financial loss to the Credit Union. In order to manage this risk the Board approves the Credit Union lending policy and all changes to it. All loans applications are assessed with deference to the lending policy in force at the time. Subsequently loans are regularly reviewed for any factors that may indicate that the likelihood of repayment has changed.

Liquidity risk: The Credit Union's Policy is to maintain sufficient funds in liquid form at all times to ensure that it meets its liabilities as they fall due. The objective of the liquidity policy is to smooth the mismatches between maturing assets and liabilities and to provide a degree of protection against any unexpected developments that may arise.

Market risk: Market risk is generally comprised of interest rate risk, current risk and other price risk. The Credit Union conducts all its transactions in sterling and does not deal in derivatives or commodity markets. Therefore it is not exposed to any form of current risk or other price risk.

Interest rate risk: The Credit Union's main interest rate risk arises from the differences between the interest rate exposure on the receivables and payables that form and integral part of the Credit Union's operating and consider rates of interest receivable when deciding on the dividend rate payable on subscribed capital. The Credit Union does not use interest rate options to hedge its own positions. This risk is monitored on a regular basis by the board.

13b. Interest the rate risk closures

The following table shows the average interest applicable to the relevant financial assets and financial liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

	20	2024		023	
		Average		Average	
	Amount	Interest rate	Amount	Interest rate	
	£	%	£	%	
Financial assets					
Loans to members	2,652,454	17.33%	2,734,459	15.15%	
Financial liabilities					
Share Capital	6,062,231	2.4%	6,547,117	1.20%	

The interest rates applicable to loans are fixed and range from 5% to 36%. The interest payable on share capital is determined at the AGM. As a result, the surplus for the year is not particularly sensitive to interest rate risk therefore no sensitivity analysis is presented.

13c. Liquidity risk disclosures

Excluding short-term other payables, as noted in the balance sheet, the Credit Union's financial liabilities, the subscribed capital, are repayable on demand.

13d. Fair value of financial instruments

The Credit Union does not hold any financial instruments at fair value.

14. Post balance sheet events

There are no material events after the balance sheet date to disclose.

15. Reserves

	Voluntary	Statutory	
	Reserve	Reserve	Total
	£	£	£
At 1st October 2023	852,448	1,004,769	1,857,217
Comprehensive surplus for the year	197,830	-	197,830
Transfer between funds	-	-	-
Balance carried forward at 30th			
September 2024	1,050,278	1,004,769	2,055,047

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2024

16. Contingent liabilities

The Credit Union Participates in the Financial Services Compensation Scheme (FSCS) and therefore has a contingent liability, which cannot be qualified, in respect of contributions to the FSCS as required by the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000. The Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) had provided details of how the calculation of next year's contribution towards the FSCS will be calculated and full provision has been included for this liability. However this is subject to future changes in interest rates and levels of deposits held by UK deposit takers. Therefore there is inherent uncertainty regarding the totality of the levy that the Credit Union will have to pay.

17. Related party transactions

During the year - members of the board, staff and their close family members had loans with the Credit Union of £nil (2023: £6,345). These loans were approved on the same basis as loans to other members. None of the directors, staff or closed family members have any preferential terms on their loans. They also had shares of £46,381 (2023: £116,251)

18. Loan interest

The Credit Union is now required to ensure that all members loan interest is on a receivable basis.

The following page does not form part of the statutory accounts

Detailed Revenue account for the year ended 30th September 2024

	Notes	2024 £	2023 £
Income			
Interest income on loans		459,542	414,351
Interest income on bank deposits		250,733	174,405
Total interest received		710,275	588,756
Sarvica chargo		1,820	6,203
Service charge Loan Lender fees		14,310	24,620
Bad debts recovered		4,472	6,781
Other income		986	8,259
Total income		731,863	634,620
Total income		731,803	034,020
Expenditure			
Staff costs		177,921	132,306
Auditor remuneration		3,350	3,300
Bank charges		6,674	5,594
Fidelity bond insurance		5,110	5,173
PRA, FCA & FSCS fees		850	774
Rent & occupancy & Room Hire		-	-
LP/LS insurance		8,559	7,719
Training		794	578
Sundry expenses		2,016	2,688
ABCUL Dues		7,034	6,484
Telephone		3,028	2,994
Office supplies/ Printing / Copying		762	1,056
Marketing		1,890	1,325
Postage		541	0
Credit agency fees		158	315
Legal/ Consultancy		6,239	0
Software maintenance/ support		35,930	30,781
Travel costs		-	15
Depreciation and amortisation		-	-
Impairment on loans for Bad and doubtful debts		53,526	-10,504
Total expenses		314,382	190,598
Operating surplus/ (deficit)		417,481	444,022
Surplus before tax		417,481	444,022
Corporation tax		62,683	42,658
Surplus for the year before dividend		354,798	401,364
Dividend distribution		156,968	80,266
Interest rebate		107.020	201.000
Surplus for the year after dividend		197,830	321,098